About Emory University

Located just 15 minutes from downtown Atlanta in the tree-lined suburban neighborhood of Druid Hills, Emory University is positioned along the Clifton Corridor, which also includes the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the American Cancer Society.

Emory University is home to nine major academic divisions, numerous centers for advanced study, and a host of prestigious affiliated institutions. In addition to Emory College, the University encompasses a graduate school of arts and sciences; professional schools of medicine, theology, law, nursing, public health, and business; and Oxford College, a two-year undergraduate division on the original campus of Emory in Oxford, Ga.

Emory was founded at Oxford by the Methodist Church in 1836. Led by President James W. Wagner, an award-winning teacher and scholar, the University has 11,300 students and 2,500 faculty members who represent all regions of the United States and more than 100 foreign nations.

Emory’s Nine Schools
- Emory College
- Oxford College
- School of Medicine
- Nell Hodgson Woodruff School of Nursing
- Candler School of Theology
- School of Law
- Roberto C. Goizueta Business School
- Graduate School of Arts & Sciences
- Rollins School of Public Health

Emory Research Centers
- Michael C. Carlos Museum
- The Carter Center
- Emory Heathcare, which includes: The University Hospital, Crawford Long Hospital, and the Wesley Woods Center
- Yerkes National Primate Research Center
- Center for Disease Control
Emory’s Nine Schools

Emory College (1836*)
Emory College offers a distinctive combination: the close interaction and commitment to teaching of a small liberal arts college and the challenging resources of a major university. With a student/faculty ratio of 10:1, the college offers 50 majors, 14 joint concentrations, and 16 interdepartmental programs. The college had nearly 10,000 applicants for the 2003 first-year class, which numbered 1,256. Students enjoy a vibrant campus life, selecting from an array of arts, civic and preprofessional student organizations. More than half of the Emory College student body participates in Volunteer Emory, which provides services to Atlanta-area communities.

Oxford College (1836*)
Oxford College, with a student body of around 600, which is located 38 miles east of Atlanta on the site of the original Emory campus in Oxford, Georgia, is one of four undergraduate options at Emory. Students choose to attend Oxford because of its emphasis on teaching, personal interaction with professors, community setting, leadership opportunities, and connection to Emory University. Most Oxford graduates continue automatically to the Atlanta campus to complete their baccalaureate degrees.

School of Medicine (1854*)
One of the nation’s finest teaching and research institutions, the medical school has 46 applications for each of its 112 first-year positions. The school has 440 medical students, including nine MD/MPH students, and shares 57 MD/PhD students with the graduate school. The school also trains 1,000 residents and fellows. Five top-ranking allied health programs train 355 students. Faculty includes 1,583 members in basic science and clinical departments. In 2002-2003, the medical school received $248.6 million in research funding, including funds received by medical faculty based at Yerkes National Primate Research Center and in collaboration with the Rollins School of Public Health. The school is known for its research programs in cancer, neuroscience, vaccine development, transplantation biology, cardiology, biomedical engineering, and genetics. Faculty clinicians in Emory’s own or affiliated teaching hospitals are responsible for more than 2 million patient visits annually.

Nell Hodgson Woodruff School of Nursing (1905*)
Producing national and international leaders in nursing practice and research, the school has 172 baccalaureate students, 172 full-and part-time master’s students, and 18 doctoral students. In addition to clinical care, the school’s undergraduate program focuses on preparing students for leadership roles. Master’s graduates are qualified to seek certification as nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, and/or clinical nurse specialists. The doctoral program focuses on clinical research with an emphasis on health policy, health outcomes, and ethics. The school ranks among the nation’s top private nursing schools at academic health sciences centers for funding from the National Institutes of Health. The school has 38 full-time faculty, and students also learn from experts at 76 clinical sites.
Candler School of Theology (1914*)
One of 13 United Methodist-related seminaries in the United States, Candler's mission is "to educate faithful and creative leaders for the church's ministries in the world." Candler typically enrolls approximately 550 students from more than 56 denominations. In addition to studying in one of five programs, Candler students can pursue certificates in Christian education, church and community, black church studies, Anglican studies, and women's studies. The full-time faculty of 48 is recognized worldwide for its scholarship and church leadership. Pitts Theology Library is the second-largest theological library in North America, with more than 500,000 volumes. Candler's 6,000 living alumni include bishops, pastors, counselors, musicians, educators, and missionaries.

School of Law (1916*)
Consistently ranked as one of the top law schools in the nation, the law school blends a comprehensive study of legal concepts with an interdisciplinary approach and close attention to practical skills. Its two-week Kessler/Eidson Program for Trial Techniques is cited as a model in courtroom training, and Emory students gain hands-on experience as interns in a variety of clinical settings, including the Turner Environmental Law Clinic and the Barton Child Law and Policy Clinic. Emory continues to build on its extensive international law program, with links to a number of institutions abroad. Its world-class Law and Religion Program has sponsored a series of international projects; it also administers the University's Center for the Interdisciplinary Study of Religion, which stimulates and supports advanced research and education on religious themes.

Roberto C. Goizueta Business School (1919*)
The Goizueta Business School teaches students to become principled leaders who not only create value for their organizations but also improve society. The school is home to an undergraduate degree program, a two-year MBA, a one-year MBA, an evening MBA, an executive MBA, a modular executive MBA, and a PhD program, with a portfolio of innovative nondegree executive education programs. The Full-Time MBA Program is ranked 23rd according to Business Week. The Undergraduate Program is 13th in U.S. News & World Report and 5th in Business Week.

Graduate School of Arts & Sciences (1919*)
The graduate school offers graduate degrees in 29 departments and divisions (the PhD is offered in 26). These competitive programs prepare graduates for careers ranging from college and university teaching to research and administration in the public and private sectors. The Teaching Assistant Training and Teaching Opportunity program, a core requirement for the PhD, prepares graduate students to balance the demands of teaching and research. Emory's graduate programs encourage interdisciplinary study and cross-disciplinary exchange within the context of excellent training in core disciplines. Among the graduate school's interdisciplinary programs are the Graduate Division of Biological and Biomedical Sciences, the Graduate Institute of the Liberal Arts, Women's Studies, and the Tam Institute of Jewish Studies. Additionally, joint degree programs are offered with the law and medical schools.
Rollins School of Public Health (1990*)
The School of Public Health has 738 students pursuing master's degrees and 75 PhD students in biostatistics, epidemiology, or nutrition. Research funding received in 2002-2003 totaled $45.1 million. The school offers dual degrees with medicine, nursing, business, and law as well as the distance-based Career MPH degree, which allows working professionals to pursue degrees without interrupting employment. The school has 130 full-time and 200 adjunct faculty in six academic departments and more than 3,000 alumni. Through its collaborations with the CDC, The Carter Center, the American Cancer Society, CARE, the Arthritis Foundation, and state and local public health agencies and in its role as a center for international health research and training, the school helps make Atlanta the public health capital of the world.

Emory's Research Centers
Michael C. Carlos Museum
The Carter Center
Emory HealthCare
Yerkes Primate Center

Michael C. Carlos Museum
The Michael C. Carlos Museum houses a vast permanent collection of art from Egypt, Greece, Rome, the Near East, the Americas, Asia and sub-Saharan Africa, as well as European and American prints and drawings ranging from the Middle Ages to the present. A variety of special exhibitions from other renowned institutions is also featured. Founded in 1919, the museum now inhabits a building by architect Michael Graves on the University's historic Quadrangle.

The Carter Center
The nonprofit Carter Center advances peace and health in neighborhoods and nations around the world in partnership with Emory. Guided by a fundamental commitment to human rights, the center works to prevent and resolve conflicts, enhance freedom and democracy, and improve health. Center projects have helped to improve the quality of life for people in more than 65 nations.

Emory HealthCare
Emory Healthcare is the largest most comprehensive health care system in metropolitan Atlanta and is comprised of the following entities: The Emory Clinic, with 728 Emory faculty physicians and nine health centers throughout Atlanta, is the largest, most comprehensive group practice in Georgia. The Emory Children's Center, with 127 physicians, is the state’s largest pediatric multispecialty group practice. Emory's own hospitals include Emory University Hospital, Emory Crawford Long Hospital, and Wesley Woods Center. Emory-Adventist Hospital of Smyrna is a jointly owned facility. EHCA, LLC, a limited liability company governed jointly by Emory Healthcare and HCA, broadens Atlantans’ access to care under the Emory umbrella to 1,593 licensed patient beds. Emory Healthcare also has 45 hospital affiliates representing 65 communities with 6,000 physicians throughout Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, and North Carolina. In addition, Emory has long-standing relationships in patient care, teaching and research with Grady Memorial Hospital, the Veterans Affairs Medical Center, and Children's Healthcare of Atlanta at Egleston.
Yerkes National Primate Research Center
One of eight National Primate Research Centers funded by the National Institutes of Health, the Yerkes Research Center is a multidisciplinary research institute recognized as a leader in biomedical and behavioral studies with nonhuman primates. Yerkes scientists are on the forefront of developing vaccines for AIDS and malaria, and treatments for cocaine addiction and Parkinson's disease. Other research programs include cognitive development and decline, childhood visual defects, organ transplantation, the behavioral effects of hormone replacement therapy, and social behaviors of primates. Leading researchers located worldwide seek to collaborate with Yerkes scientists.

Center for Disease Control
The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is recognized as the lead federal agency for protecting the health and safety of people - at home and abroad, providing credible information to enhance health decisions, and promoting health through strong partnerships. CDC serves as the national focus for developing and applying disease prevention and control, environmental health, and health promotion and education activities designed to improve the health of the people of the United States.

Emory’s Resources
Being a student at the Goizueta Business School entitles one access to a vast number of resources available through Emory University. These include, but are not limited to:

Libraries
The Goizueta Business School Library
Robert W. Woodruff Library
James S. Guy Chemistry Library
Marian K. Heilburn Music & Media Library
Mathematics & Science Center Library
Health Sciences Center Library (Grady Hospital Branch & Emory University Hospital Branch)
Hugh F. MacMillan Law Library
Hoke O’Kelley Memorial Library at Oxford
Pitts Theology Library
Ethics Library & Resource Center

The Centers
Center for Technology Initiatives
Electronic Data Center
Lewis H. Beck Center for Electronic Collections and Services
Collections
EUCLID: Emory's Catalog
eJournals@Emory
Rare Books & Manuscripts (Special Collections)
Digital Archives
University Archives
Beck Center Electronic Collections
Government Documents
Teaching Collection
Theology Archives & Manuscripts
Theology Rare & Special Books
Ethics Collection

Emory University Hospital and Emory Clinic
The Emory Clinic is home of the Student Health Service. Here students can be seen for routine care & given prescriptions for medication free of charge; the only additional charge is for any lab work, e-rays, or after hours care. There is also an inpatient health service for students who need 24 hour care. Students in need of emergency care are taken to the hospital's Treatment Room. Emory Does offer students the option to purchase health insurance which covers any additional expenses for the student. For more information, please check Emory's website.

Donna & Marvin Schwartz Center for Performing Arts
The Donna and Marvin Schwartz Center for Performing Arts provides a central space for Emory's rapidly growing music, dance, and theater programs. The 90,000-square-foot facility includes a world-class concert hall, a dance studio, and a theater lab for the development of new works. Each space encourages student learning as well as inspires the development and performance of new work.

Cherry Logan Emerson Concert Hall, equipped with orchestra pit and choral balcony, offers an elegant home stage for Emory ensembles while also accommodating world-renowned performers from the Flora Glenn Candler Series. The Dance Studio houses Emory's progressive and highly respected Dance Program. This studio is actually the first performing space in Atlanta built solely for dance.

The Theater Lab provides a new home for the Emory Playwriting Center, a unique environment for exciting Theater Emory readings, and a teaching laboratory for the Theater Studies Department.

Performances are scheduled year round, and either free or deeply discounted to students with StudentID.

Student Counseling Center
The Emory University Student Counseling Center provides free, confidential counseling for enrolled undergraduate, graduate and professional students at Emory University. Consultation, outreach and educational workshops are provided for Emory's faculty, staff, and students. The staff at the Counseling Center knows that student life is a transitional period and can bring pressure and stress. We try to help students understand this period, find ways of coping with crises, and grow from their
experiences. We also work with administrators, academic agencies, and other campus agencies to increase the effectiveness of student services in the area of mental health.

An Emory student interested in arranging an appointment can call (404) 727-7450 or come to the Counseling Center between 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Counselors are on call in case of emergency.

**Emory’s Campus**
Taking a walking tour through Emory, and discover its past while looking toward the future.

**Boisfeuillet Jones Center** – Dedicated in 1986, the Boisfeuillet Jones Center is home to the offices of Admission, Financial Aid, the Bursar, and the Registrar. Graduating from Emory College in 1934 and the School of Law in 1937, Mr. Jones served both Emory and our government throughout his lifetime. He was elected to the Board of Trustees in 1964 and became Trustee Emeritus in 1983. The building, designed as a postmodern interpretation of the classical façade of the Administration Building, is dedicated to Mr. Jones’ lifetime of leadership and dedication to Emory.

**Administration Building** – across from the B. Jones Center was built in the 1950’s and is home of the offices of the President of the University, Dr. James P. Wagner.

**The Emory Quadrangle** – The oldest buildings on campus are located on the quad. The Quad was initially built after a generous gift of $1 Million dollars and 75 acres in the Druid Hills area of Atlanta.

**Pitts Theology Library** – The first buildings on the new Atlanta campus were constructed in Italian Renaissance style with pink and gray marble from Tate, George. Architect Henry Hornbostel believed that this part of Georgia looked like the landscape of northern Italy, which is why he chose the Italian Renaissance style. Originally the School of Theology, it was renovated in 1979, and became the B. Pitts Theology Library. It houses over 400,000 theology books making it the second largest theology collection in North America.

**Michael C. Carlos Hall & Museum** – Carlos Hall, formerly the School of Law, now contains the Art History Department. Beside it is the Carlos Museum, the largest university museum in the Southeast and the newest building on the Quad. It opened in 1993. Named for Atlanta businessman Michael Carlos, the museum has the Southeast’s finest collection of ancient art & archaeological material from Asia and the New World.

**Bowden Hall** – Henry L. Bowden Hall houses the departments of History and Philosophy as well as the Institute for Vico Studies. The Institute for Vico Studies was founded in New York in 1974 to promote the study of the thought of Giambattista Vico and its relevance to contemporary work in philosophy, the humanities, and fields of social study. In 1983 the Institute became part of Emory, under the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences.
Loula Walker and Ely Reeves Callaway, Sr., Memorial Center – Named after a family of prominent Emory alumni of Callaway Golf fame, the Callaway Center, completed in the fall of 1996, was created by connecting and renovating two older buildings to unite the humanities under one roof. The Callaway Center houses a number of humanities programs, including Classics, Literature, Creative Writing, Journalism, English, Spanish, French, Italian, Middle Eastern Studies, Women’s Studies, and Religion.

Across The Ravine – Beside Bowden Hall, several buildings can be seen across the ravine. The Rich Memorial Building, donated by the family of Rich’s Department Store in the 1940s, was home of the Goizueta Business school until 1997.

Asa Griggs Candler Memorial Library – Standing at the end of the quad is Emory’s original research library, Candler Library. Built in 1926, it houses the student language laboratories, multimedia center, audio-visual libraries, and group study rooms.

Emory University Hospital and Emory Clinic – The University’s hospital is one of the finest in the nation. The Emory Clinic is home of the Student Health Service. Here students can be seen for routine care & given prescriptions for medication free of charge; the only additional charge is for any lab work, e-rays, or after hours care. There is also an inpatient health service for students who need 24 hour care. Students in need of emergency care are taken to the hospital’s Treatment Room. Emory Does offer students the option to purchase health insurance which covers any additional expenses for the student. For more information, please check Emory’s website.

Cox Hall – Renovated in 1993, Cox Hall now houses the Telecommunications Department on the third floor. The second floor houses the coffee house, computer lab, and the counseling center which offers free counseling services to students. The first floor houses the food court.

R. Howard Dobbs University Center (AKA – The DUC) – The DUC houses many of Emory’s student services. It includes the bookstore, the Emory Card Office, 200 student organization offices, the Harland Cinema (movie theater), the Mary Gray Monroe performing arts theater, a small convenience store with movie rentals, a travel agency, a game room, study lounges, a copy center, a travel agency, and the post office. You will also find several ATM machines just outside of the DUC including Wachovia, Bank of America, and SunTrust.

Why are So Many Buildings Named Candler & Woodruff?
The Candler & Woodruff families have been prominent in the Coca-Cola Company and very generous to Emory over the years. In 1979 Coca Cola President Robert Winship Woodruff, along with his brother, George W. Woodruff, gave Emory approximately $110 million, at the time the largest single gift given to an educational institution in American history. Most of the gift was in the form of Coca-Cola stock and required to be kept in that form. Largely due to the success of Coca-Cola since 1979, Emory’s endowment has grown tremendously. This sound financial foundation allows Emory to continue to recruit outstanding faculty, build new facilities, and fund need-based financial aid and merit-based scholarships. Because of our loyalties to Coke, we are often nicknamed “Coca-Cola University.”
Campus Mascots
Emory has two mascots. One is the traditional, chosen to represent Emory across the country. The other is more original, emanating from the spirit already inherent in Emory's student population.

The official mascot since the 1960's has been Swoop, the Emory Eagle.

The unofficial mascot is Dooley, the fleshless, bloodless skeleton.

Dooley's Legend
The Legend of Dooley goes back to the early 1900's, when Emory was still based on the Oxford Campus. At that time he stalked the campus, never speaking, but communicating through eloquent letters which show that Dooley does indeed know and see all. At the beginning, Dooley was simply known as a skeleton, hanging in the biology classroom. At one point he began writing letters to the Phoenix, the campus newspaper at that time, describing what Emory looked like from a skeleton's point of view.

In 1941, Dooley's Frolics was organized, an event that celebrated Dooley for an entire week. The celebration became so popular in the 1950's that Dooley fell victim to cracked ribs and kidnapping at the hands of Georgia Tech students. After this incident, Dooley began to appear on campus with six student bodyguards to protect both him and his identity.

Nobody is supposed to know Dooley's identity, who chooses or contacts his escorts, or who arranges transportation for him. The escorts reportedly receive a letter from Dooley and meet with him in the fall to hear instructions on serving him throughout the year. They claim not to know his identity but only meet him as instructed when they are called.

Dooley appears at many occasions on campus, including the Carter Town Hall Meeting, but the most prominent event is Dooley's Week. Besides concerts and other planned activities, the favorite tradition during the week is the ritual of Dooley's entering a classroom and shooting the professor with a water pistol, effectively dismissing class. Dooley's Week ends with a festive costume ball for all to enjoy.

Dooley's old adage always read at the end of his letters: “Presidents may come, and presidents may go; professors may come and professors may go; students may come and students may go; but Dooley lives on forever.”